

## Gerunds

A gerund is a noun made from a verb by adding "-ing." The gerund form of the verb "read" is "reading." You can use a gerund as the subject, the complement, or the object of a sentence. Examples: Reading helps you learn English (englishpage.com).

Gerunds function as <u>nouns</u>. Thus, gerunds will be <u>subjects</u>, <u>subject complements</u>, <u>direct objects</u>, <u>indirect objects</u>, and <u>objects of prepositions</u>. Present participles, on the other hand, complete progressive verbs or act as **modifiers**.

## Read these examples of *gerunds*:

- Since Francisco was five years old, *swimming* has been his passion.
  - Swimming = subject of the verb has been.
- Francisco's first love is *swimming*.
  - **Swimming** = subject complement of the verb **is**.
- Francisco enjoys *swimming* more than spending time with his girlfriend Diana.
  - Swimming = direct object of the verb enjoys.
- Francisco gives *swimming* all of his energy and time.
  - Swimming = indirect object of the verb gives.
- When Francisco wore dive fins to class, everyone knew that he was devoted to *swimming*.
  - $\circ$  **Swimming** = object of the preposition **to**.

## These *ing* words are examples of *present participles*:

- One day last summer, Francisco and his coach were *swimming* at Daytona Beach.
  - Swimming = present participle completing the past progressive verb were swimming.
- A Great White shark ate Francisco's *swimming* coach.
  - *Swimming* = present participle modifying *coach*.
- Now Francisco practices his sport in safe *swimming* pools.
  - *Swimming* = present participle modifying *pools*.